RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College affiliated to University of Calcutta)

FIRST YEAR [BATCH 2017-20]

B.A./B.Sc. SECOND SEMESTER (January – June) 2018 Mid-Semester Examination, March 2018

CHEMISTRY (General)

Time: 11 am – 12 noon Paper: II Full Marks: 25

Answer any five questions:

: 15/03/2018

 $[5\times5]$

[2]

[1]

[2]

[1]

[1]

1. a) Arrange the following carbocation in their increasing order of stability with proper explanation.

- b) Define Centre of symmetry (i) and plane of symmetry (σ) with one example each. [2]
- c) Write down the mirror image of the following compound [mirror is present in the plane of the paper].

2. a) Define alternating axis of symmetry (S_n) with proper example.

- [2]
- b) Arrange the following anions in their increasing order of stability with proper explanation.

$$\overset{\scriptscriptstyle(-)}{\operatorname{CH}_3}, \quad \overset{\scriptscriptstyle(-)}{\operatorname{CH}_3} \overset{\scriptscriptstyle(-)}{\operatorname{CH}_2}, \quad \overset{\scriptscriptstyle(-)}{\operatorname{CH}_3} \overset{\scriptscriptstyle(-)}{\operatorname{CH}_3} \overset{\scriptscriptstyle(-)}{\operatorname{CH}_3} \overset{\scriptscriptstyle(-)}{\operatorname{CH}_3} \overset{\scriptscriptstyle(-)}{\operatorname{C}} \overset{\scriptscriptstyle(-)}{\operatorname{CH}_3}$$

- c) Show E and Z isomer with one example each.
- 3. a) Formation of divalent cation and anion are endothermic yet MgO is a stable ionic solid, comment. [2]
 - b) Comment on the thermal stability of BeCO₃, MgCO₃, CaCO₃, SrCO₃, BaCO₃. [2]
 - c) Between NaClO₄ and KClO₄ which one is more soluble in water and why?
- 4. a) Explain the solubility trends : $MgSO_4 > CaSO_4 > BaSO_4$, in water. [2]
- b) Predict the shapes and indicate the state of hybridisation of the central atom for the following:

$$XeF_5^-$$
, ClO_3^- , $POCl_3$. [3]

- 5. Write down the major products of the following reactions and also give the outline of plausible mechanism for each of them. [5]
 - a) RCH₂CHO NaOH (alcohol)
 - b) HCHO $\xrightarrow{\text{NaOH}}$ $\xrightarrow{\text{(alcohol)}}$
- 6. The reaction $(CH_3)_3C-I \xrightarrow{OH^-/H_2O} (CH_3)_3C-OH$ can occur via an S_N1 . [5]
 - a) Give the outline of the pathways.
 - b) Explain why $S_N 1$ is preferred here over $S_N 2$.
- 7. a) What does bond order mean? From the molecular orbital diagram of N_2 , calculate its bond order. [1+2]
 - b) He₂ does not exist but He₂ exist. Justify.

[2]

- 8. a) From the molecular orbital diagram of O_2 , explain its paramagnetic bahaviour.
 - b) In the light of band theory, distinguish a semiconductor from an insulator.

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[3]

[2]